

CSE: SEMESTER – VI

| S.No | Course Code | Course Title | Scheme of Instruction | | | | Scheme of Examination | | |
|-------------------|-------------|--|-----------------------|-----------|-----------|----------------|-----------------------|------------|-----------|
| | | | L | T | P/Dg | Contact Hrs/Wk | CIE | SEE | Credits |
| 1. | PC 601CS | Design and Analysis of Algorithms | 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 30 | 70 | 3 |
| 2. | PC 602 CS | Software Engineering | 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 30 | 70 | 3 |
| 3. | PC 603CS | Web Programming | 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 30 | 70 | 3 |
| 4. | PC 604 CS | Computer Networks & Programming | 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 30 | 70 | 3 |
| 5. | PE-II | Professional Elective-II | 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 30 | 70 | 3 |
| 6. | OE-I | Open Elective-I | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 3 |
| Practicals | | | | | | | | | |
| 7. | PC 651 CS | Software Engineering Lab | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 25 | 50 | 1 |
| 8. | PC 652CS | Web Programming Lab | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 25 | 50 | 1 |
| 9. | PC 653 CS | Computer Networks & Programming Lab | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 25 | 50 | 1 |
| 10. | MC *** | Yoga/NSS /Sports | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 25 | 50 | 3U |
| 11. | PW961CS | Summer Internship**** Duration: 6 Weeks | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total | | | 18 | 05 | 08 | 31 | 280 | 620 | 21 |

****Students has to undergo summer internship of 6 Weeks duration at the end of semester VI and credits will be awarded after evaluation.

Professional Elective- II:

PE 601 CS Graph Theory and Its Applications

PE 602 CS Advanced Computer Graphics

PE 603 CS Advanced Databases

Open Elective-I:

OE 601

OE 601 CE Disaster Management

OE 602 CE Geo Spatial Techniques

*OE 601 CS Operating Systems

**OE 602 CS OOP using Java

OE 601 EC Embedded Systems

OE 602 EC Digital System Design using Verilog HDL

OE 601 EE Reliability Engineering OE 601 ME Industrial Robotics

OE 602 ME Material Handling

OE 601 LA Intellectual Property Rights

*CS Elective offered only for BME/CE//EE/ME branches

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With effect from the Academic year 2017-2018

PC 601 CS

Design and Analysis of Algorithms

Credits:3

Instruction : (3L + 1T) hrs per week

Duration of SEE:3 hours

CIE : 30 Marks

SEE : 70 Marks

Course Objectives:

- To review elementary data structures , order notation and algorithm analysis
- To learn algorithm design strategies such as Divide-and-Conquer, greedy method, dynamic programming, back tracking and branch & bound technique
- To understand the concepts of NP-hard and NP-complete

Course Outcomes

Student will be able to

- Design algorithms for various computing problems
- Analyze the time and space complexity of algorithms
- Critically analyze the different algorithm design techniques for a given problem.
- Modify existing algorithms to improve efficiency

UNIT-I

Introduction & Elementary Data Structures: Order notation, Analysis of algorithms, Review of elementary data structures–Heaps and Heap sort, Hashing. Sets – representation, UNION, FIND operations.

UNIT-II

Divide-and-Conquer Method: The general method, Binary search, Finding maximum and minimum, Merge sort, Quick sort and Selection sort.

Greedy Method: Knapsack problem, Optimal storage on tapes, Job sequencing with deadlines, Optimal merge pattern, Minimum spanning trees, Single source shortest path.

UNIT-III

Dynamic programming method and traversal techniques: Multistage graphs, All pairs shortest paths, Optimal binary search trees, 0/1 Knapsack problem, Reliability design, Traveling salesman problem, Game trees, Biconnected components and Depth first search.

UNIT-IV

Backtracking and **branch-and-bound** methods: N-queens problem, Graph coloring, Hamiltonian cycles, Knapsack problem, 0/1 Knapsack problem, Traveling salesperson problem. Lower-bound Theory.

UNIT-V

NP-hard and NP-complete problems: Basic concepts, Non-deterministic algorithms, NP-hard graph problems and scheduling problems, NP-hard code generation problem, Decision problem, Node cover problem.

Suggested Reading:

1. Horowitz E, Sahni S, Fundamentals of Computer Algorithms, 2nd Edition, Universities Press, 2007
2. Aho A.V. Hopcroft J.E, Ullman J.D, The Design and Analysis of Computer Algorithms, Addison Wesley, 1974
3. Michael T. Goodrich , Roberto Tamassia, Algorithm Design: Foundations, Analysis and Internet Examples, John Wiley & Sons, 2002

With effect from the Academic year 2017-2018

PC 602 CS

Software Engineering

Credits:3

Instruction : (3L + 1T) hrs per week

Duration of SEE : 3 hours

CIE : 30 Marks

SEE : 70 Marks

Course Objectives:

- To introduce the basic concepts of software development- processes from defining a product to shipping and maintaining that product
- To impart knowledge on various phases , methodologies and practices of software development
- To understand the importance of testing in software development and study various testing strategies and software quality metrics

Course Outcomes

Student will be able to

- Acquire working knowledge of alternative approaches and techniques for each phase of software development
- Acquire skills necessary for independently developing a complete software project
- Understand the practical challenges associated with the development of a significant software system

UNIT-I

Introduction to Software Engineering:

A generic view of Process: Software Engineering, Process Framework, CMM Process Patterns, Process Assessment.

Process Models: Prescriptive Models, Waterfall Model, Incremental Process Models, Evolutionary Process Models, Specialized Process Models, The Unified Models, Personal and Team Process Models, Process Technology, Product and Process.

An Agile view of Process: Introduction to Agility and Agile Process, Agile Process Models.

UNIT-II

Software Engineering Principles: SE Principles, Communication Principles, Planning Principles, Modeling Principles, Construction Principles, Deployment.

System Engineering: Computer-based Systems, The System Engineering Hierarchy, Business Process Engineering, Product Engineering, System Modeling.

Requirements Engineering: A Bridge to Design and Construction, Requirements Engineering Tasks, Initiating Requirements Engineering Process, Eliciting Requirements, Developing Use-Cases, Building the Analysis Model, Negotiating Requirements, Validating Requirements.

UNIT-III

Building the Analysis Model: Requirements Analysis Modeling Approaches, Data Modeling Concepts, Object-Oriented Analysis, Scenario-based Modeling, Flow-oriented Modeling, Class-based Modeling, Creating a Behavioral Model.

Design Engineering: Design within the context of SE, Design Process and Design Quality, Design Concepts, The Design Model, Pattern-based Software Design.

UNIT-IV

Creating an Architectural Design: Software Architecture, Data Design, Architectural Styles and Patterns, Architectural Design, Assessing Alternative Architectural Designs, Mapping Data Flow into a Software Architecture.

Modeling Component-Level Design: Definition of Component, Designing Class-based Components, Conducting Component-level Design, Object Constraint Language, Designing Conventional Components.

Performing User Interface Design: The Golden Rules, User Interface Analysis and Design, Interface Analysis, Interface Design Steps, Design Evaluation.

UNIT-V

Software Quality Assurance: Basic Elements, Tasks, Goals and Metrics, Formal Approaches, Statistical Software Quality Assurance, Software Reliability, ISO 9000 Quality Standards, SQA Plan.

Testing Strategies: A Strategic Approach to Software Testing, Strategic Issues, Test Strategies for O-O Software, Validation Testing, System Testing, The Art of Debugging.

Testing Tactics: Software Testing Fundamentals, Black-box and White-box Testing, Basis Path Testing, Control Structure Testing, O-O Testing Methods, Testing Methods applicable on the Class Level, Inter Class Test Case Design, Testing for Specialized Environments, Architectures and Applications, Testing Patterns.

Product Metrics: Software Quality, A Framework for Product Metrics, Metrics for the Analysis Model, Metrics for the Design Model, Metrics for Source Code, Metrics for Testing, Metrics for Maintenance.

Suggested Reading:

1. Roger S.Pressman, Software Engineering: A Practitioner's Approach, 7th Edition, McGraw Hill, 2009
2. Ali Behforooz and Frederick J.Hudson, Software Engineering Fundamentals, Oxford University Press, 1996
3. Pankaj Jalote , An Integrated Approach to Software Engineering, 3rd Edition, Narosa Publishing House, 2008

With effect from the Academic year 2017-2018

PC 603 CS

Web Programming

Credits:3

Instruction : (3L + 1T) hrs per week

Duration of SEE : 3 hours

CIE : 30 Marks

SEE : 70 Marks

Course Objectives:

- To learn HTML5 and JavaScript
- To familiarize the tools and technologies to process XML documents
- To learn various server-side and database connectivity technologies

Course Outcomes

Student will be able to

- Design a website with static and dynamic web pages
- Develop a web application with session tracking and client side data validations
- Develop web content publishing application that accesses back-end data base and publishes data in XML format

UNIT-I

Introduction to World Wide Web, Web Browsers, Web Servers, Uniform Resource Locators, HTTP. HTML5: Introduction, Links, Images, Multimedia, Lists, Tables, Creating Forms, Styling Forms.

UNIT-II

Introduction to XML, XML document structure, Document Type Definition, Namespaces, XML Schemas, Displaying raw XML documents, Displaying XML documents with CSS, XPath Basics, XSLT, XML Processors.

UNIT-III

Introduction to Java script, Java Script and Forms Variables, Functions, Operators, Conditional Statements and Loops, Arrays DOM, Strings, Event and Event Handling, Java Script Closures. Introduction to Ajax, Pre-Ajax Java Script Communication Techniques, XML HTTP Request Object, Data Formats, Security Concerns, User Interface Design for Ajax. Introduction to Python, Objects and Methods, Flow of Control, Dynamic Web Pages.

UNIT-IV

Java Servlets: Java Servlets and CGI Programming, Benefits of Java Servlet, Life Cycle of Java Servlet, Reading data from client, HTTP Request Header, HTTP Response Header, working with Cookies, Tracking Sessions. Java Server Pages: Introduction to JSP, JSP Tags, Variables and Objects, Methods, Control Statements, Loops, Request String, User Sessions, Session Object, Cookies.

UNIT-V

Introduction to PHP: Overview of PHP, General Syntactic Characteristics, Primitives, Operations, Expressions, Control Statements, Arrays, Functions, Pattern matching, Form handling, Files, Cookies, Session Tracking. Database access through Web: Architectures for Database Access- Database access with Perl - Database access with PHP-Database access with JDBC.

Suggested Reading:

1. Robert W. Sebesta, Programming the World Wide Web, 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2006
2. Wendy Willard, HTML5, McGraw Hill Education (India) Edition, 2013
3. Thomas Powell, The Complete Reference: Ajax, Tata-McGraw-Hill, 2011
4. John Pollock, Java Script, 4th Edition, McGraw Hill Education (India) Edition, 2013
5. Jim Keogh, J2EE : The Complete Reference, Tata-McGraw-Hill, 2002

With effect from the Academic year 2017-2018

PC 604 CS

Computer Networks & Programming

Credits:3

Instruction : (3L + 1T) hrs per week

Duration of SEE : 3 hours

CIE : 30 Marks

SEE : 70 Marks

Course Objectives:

- To study the design issues in network layer and various routing algorithms
- To introduce internet routing architecture and protocols
- To learn the flow control and congestion control algorithms in Transport Layer
- To introduce the TCP/IP suite of protocols and the networked applications supported by it
- To learn basic and advanced socket system calls

Course Outcomes

Student will be able to

- Explain the function of each layer of OSI and trace the flow of information from one node to another node in the network
- Understand the principles of IP addressing and internet routing
- Describe the working of various networked applications such as DNS, mail, file transfer and www
- Implement client-server socket-based networked applications.

UNIT-I

Review of ISO OSI Reference Model and TCP/IP Architectures.

Network Layer: Design issues, Services, Internal organization, Comparison of Virtual circuits and Datagram subnets. Routing Algorithms: The Optimality principle, Shortest path routing, Flooding, Flow-based algorithms, Distance vector, Link state, Hierarchical algorithms, Broadcast and Multicast routings. Congestion control algorithms: General principles, Traffic shaping, Congestion control in virtual circuit subnets, Choke packets, Load shedding, Jitter control and Congestion control for multicasting, Quality of Service (QoS)

UNIT-II

Internet working: How networks differ, Concatenated virtual circuits, Connectionless internet working, Tunneling, Internetwork routing, Fragmentation and Firewalls.

The Network Layer of the Internet: The IP protocol, IP addresses, Subnets, Internet control protocols, Gateway routing protocols, Multicasting, CIDR.

UNIT-III

Transport Layer: Service primitives, Addressing, Establishing a connection, Releasing a connection, Flow control, Buffering, Multiplexing and Crash recovery.

Internet Transport Protocols (TCP and UDP): The TCP service model, The TCP protocol, The TCP Segment Header, TCP connection management, Transmission policy: Congestion control, Timer management and UDP, Performance issues.

UNIT-IV

Application Layer:

Domain Name System: DNS name space, Resource records, Name services.

SMTP and MIME, HTTP, SNMP, Telnet, ftp, Multimedia.

UNIT-V

Socket programming: Socket address, Elementary socket system calls, Advanced socket system calls, Reserved ports, Socket options, Asynchronous I/O, Input/Output Multiplexing, Out-of-Band data, Sockets and Signals, Internet Super Server, DNS.

Suggested Reading:

1. Andrew S. Tanenbaum, David J. Wetherall, Computer Networks, 5th Edition, Pearson, 2012
2. Chwan-Hwa (John) Wu, J. David Irwin, Introduction to Computer Networks and Cyber Security, CRC Press, 2013
3. James F. Kurose and Keith W. Ross, Computer Networking: A Top-Down Approach Featuring the Internet, 5th Edition, Addison-Wesley, 2012
4. W. Richard Stevens, Unix Network Programming, Prentice Hall/Pearson Education, 2009
5. W. Richard Stevens, Andrew M Rudoff, Bill Fenner, Unix Network Programming: Networking APIs: Sockets and XTI (Volume 1) 3rd Edition, PHI

With effect from the Academic year 2017-2018

PE 601 CS

Graph Theory and Its Applications

Credits:3

Instruction : (3L + 1T) hrs per week

Duration of SEE : 3 hours

CIE : 30 Marks

SEE : 70 Marks

Course Objectives:

- To familiarize a variety of different problems in Graph Theory
- To learn various techniques to prove theorems
- To understand and analyze various graph algorithms

Course Outcomes:

Student will be able to

- Write precise and accurate mathematical definitions of objects in graph theory
- Validate and critically assess a mathematical proof
- Develop algorithms based on diverse applications of Graphs in different domains

UNIT-I

Preliminaries: Graphs, isomorphism, subgraphs, matrix representations, degree, operations on graphs, degree sequences

Connected graphs and shortest paths: Walks, trails, paths, connected graphs, distance, cut-vertices, cut-edges, blocks, connectivity, weighted graphs, shortest path algorithms

Trees: Characterizations, number of trees, minimum spanning trees

UNIT- II

Special classes of graphs: Bipartite graphs, line graphs, chordal graphs

Eulerian graphs: Characterization, Fleury's algorithm, chinese-postman-problem

UNIT -III

Hamilton graphs: Necessary conditions and sufficient conditions

Independent sets, coverings, matchings: Basic equations, matchings in bipartite graphs, perfect matchings, greedy and approximation algorithms

UNIT- IV

Vertex colorings: Chromatic number and cliques, greedy coloring algorithm, coloring of chordal graphs, Brook's theorem

Edge colorings: Gupta-Vizing theorem, Class-1 graphs and class-2 graphs, equitable edge-coloring

UNIT- V

Planar graphs: Basic concepts, Eulers formula, polyhedrons and planar graphs, charactrizations, planarity testing, 5-color-theorem

Directed graphs: Out-degree, in-degree, connectivity, orientation, Eulerian directed graphs, Hamilton directed graphs, tournaments

Suggested Reading:

1. F.Harry, Graph theory, Narosa Publications, 1988.
- 2.C.Berge: Graphs and Hypergraphs, North Holland/Elsevier, 1973
3. J A Bondy and U.S. R Murthy, Graph Theory with Applications, Elsevier Science Ltd, 1976.
4. Douglas B West, Introduction to Graph Theory, Prentice Hall, 2004

With effect from the Academic year 2017-2018

PE 602 CS

Advanced Computer Graphics

Credits:3

Instruction : (3L + 1T) hrs per week

Duration of SEE : 3 hours

CIE : 30 Marks

SEE : 70 Marks

Course Objectives:

- To review three dimensional geometric transformations and viewing pipeline
- To familiarize animation and texture mapping techniques
- To understand the mathematical principles of representation of curves and surfaces
- To learn advanced rendering and algorithmic modeling techniques

Course Outcomes

Student will be able to

- Apply 3D graphics techniques to generate various models in engineering and science domains
- Design animation sequences and realistic images in virtual reality applications
- Implement parallel renderer on GPU

UNIT-I

Three-Dimensional Geometric Transformations: Three-Dimensional Translation; Three-Dimensional Rotation; Three-Dimensional Scaling; Composite Three-Dimensional Transformations; Other Three-Dimensional Transformations; Transformations between Three-Dimensional Coordinate Systems; Affine Transformations; OpenGL Geometric-Transformation Functions;

Three-Dimensional Viewing: Overview of Three-Dimensional Viewing Concepts; The Three-Dimensional Viewing Pipeline; Three-Dimensional Viewing-Coordinate Parameters; Transformation from World to Viewing Coordinates; Projection Transformations; Orthogonal Projections; Oblique Parallel Projections; Perspective Projections; The Viewport Transformation and Three- Dimensional Screen Coordinates; OpenGL Three-Dimensional Viewing Functions

UNIT-II

Computer Animation: Raster Methods for Computer Animation; Design of Animation Sequences; Traditional Animation Techniques; General Computer-Animation Functions; Computer-Animation Languages; Key-Frame Systems; Motion Specifications; Character Animation; Periodic Motions; OpenGL Animation Procedures

Three-Dimensional Object Representations: Polyhedra; OpenGL Polyhedron Functions; Curved Surfaces; Quadric Surfaces; Superquadrics; OpenGL Quadric-Surface and Cubic-Surface Functions

UNIT-III

Spline Representations: Interpolation and Approximation Splines ; Parametric Continuity Conditions; Geometric Continuity Conditions; Spline Specifications; Spline Surfaces; Trimming Spline Surfaces; Cubic-Spline Interpolation Methods; Bézier Spline Curves ; Bézier Surfaces ; B-Spline Curves; B-Spline Surfaces; Beta-Splines; Rational Splines; Conversion Between Spline Representations; Displaying Spline Curves and Surfaces; OpenGL Approximation-Spline Functions;

Other Three-Dimensional Object Representations: Blobby Objects; Sweep Representations; Constructive Solid-Geometry Methods; Octrees; BSP Trees; Physically Based Modeling

.UNIT -IV

Texturing and Surface-Detail Methods: Modeling Surface Detail with Polygons; texture Mapping; Bump Mapping; Frame Mapping; OpenGL Texture Functions;

Algorithmic Modeling: Fractal-Geometry Methods, Fractal-Generation Procedures, Classification of Fractals, Fractal Dimension, Geometric Construction of Deterministic Self-Similar Fractals, Geometric Construction of Statistically Self-Similar Fractals. Affine Fractal-Construction methods, Random Midpoint-Displacement Methods, Controlling Terrain Topography, Self-squaring Fractals, Self-inverse Fractals; Particle Systems; Grammar-Based Modeling Methods

UNIT-V

ADVANCED RENDERING: Going Beyond Pipeline Rendering ,Ray Tracing , Building a Simple Ray Tracer; The Rendering Equation; Radiosity ; Global Illumination and Path Tracing; RenderMan; Parallel Rendering; Hardware GPU Implementations; Implicit Functions and Contour Maps ; Volume Rendering ; Isosurfaces and Marching Cubes ; Marching Tetrahedra; Mesh Simplification; Direct Volume Rendering; Image-Based Rendering

Suggested Reading:

1. Hearn Donald, Pauline Baker M., Computer Graphics with Open GL, Pearson Education, 4th Edition, 2011
2. Edward Angel , Dave Shreiner , Interactive Computer Graphics A Top-Down Approach with WebGL, 7th Edition, Addison-Wesley 2015
3. Foley, Vandam, Feiner, Hughes, Computer Graphics - Principles & Practice, Addison- Wesley, 2nd Edition, 1996.
4. David F Rogers, Procedural Elements for Computer Graphics, McGraw-Hill, 2nd Edition, 2001.
5. Hill, Jr. & Kelley by F. S., Hill Jr, Kelley Jr, Stephen M, Computer Graphics Using OpenGL, PHI, 3rd Edition, 2009.

With effect from the Academic year 2017-2018

PE 603 CS

Advanced Databases

Credits:3

Instruction : (3L + 1T) hrs per week

Duration of SEE : 3 hours

CIE : 30 Marks

SEE : 70 Marks

Course Objectives:

- To understand the concept of storing complex types using object oriented data bases
- To learn the concepts of XML Schema, XPath and XQuery
- To familiarize the concepts of query processing and optimization
- To learn the concepts of fragmentation, replication and concurrency in distributed databases

Course Outcomes

Student will be able to

- Describe the features added to object-relational systems to distinguish them from standard relational systems.
- Model a relational / semi-structured database using XML Schema
- Understand different algorithms used in the implementation of query evaluation engine
- Understand the different concurrency control and commit protocols in distributed databases
- Demonstrate an understanding of the role and the concepts involved in special purpose databases such as Temporal, Spatial, Mobile and other similar database types

UNIT-I

Object Based Databases: Overview, Complex Data Types, Structured Types and Inheritance in SQL, Table Inheritance, Array and Multi-set. Types in SQL, Object-Identity and Reference Types in SQL, Implementing O-R features, Persistent Programming Languages, Object-Relational Mapping, Object-Oriented versus Object-Relational.

UNIT-II

XML: Motivation, Structure of XML data, XML Document Schema, Querying and Transformation, Application Program Interface to XML, Storage of XML data, XML applications.

UNIT-III

Query Processing : Overview, Measures of Query Cost, Selection Operation, Sorting, join Operation, Other Operations, Evaluation of Expressions.

Query Optimization: Overview, Transformation of Relational Expressions, Estimating Statistics of Expression Results, Choice of Evaluation Plans, Materialized Views.

UNIT-IV

Parallel Databases: Introduction,1/0 Parallelism, Interquery Parallelism, Intraquery Parallelism, Intra-operation Parallelism, Interoperation Parallelism, Query Optimization, Design of Parallel Systems.

Distributed Databases: Homogeneous and Heterogeneous Database, Distributed Data Storage, Distributed. Transactions, Commit Protocols, Concurrency Control in Distributed Databases, Availability, Distributed Query Processing, Heterogeneous Distributed Databases, Cloud-Based Databases, Directory Systems.

UNIT- V

Advanced Application Development: Performance Tuning, Performance Benchmarks Other Issues in Application Development, Standardization.

Spatial and Temporal Data and Mobility: Motivation, Time in Databases, Spatial and Geographic Data, Multimedia Databases, Mobility and Personal Databases.

Suggested Reading:

1. Abraham Silberschatz, Henry F Korth, S Sudarshan, Database System Concepts, McGrawHill International Edition, 6th Edition, 2010.
2. Elmasri Navathe, Somayajulu, Gupta , Fundamentals of Database Systems, Pearson Education, 4th Edition, 2006.
3. CJ Date, A Kannan, S Swamynathan, An Introduction to Database Systems, Pearson Education, 8th Edition, 2006.
4. Raghu Ramakrishnan, and Johannes Gehrke, Database Management Systems, McGraw-Hill International Edition, 3rd Edition, 2002.

With effect from the Academic year 2017-2018

OE 601 BE

Micro Electro-Mechanical Systems

Credits:3

Instruction : (3L) hrs per week

Duration of SEE : 3 hours

CIE : 30 Marks

SEE : 70 Marks

Course Objectives:

- To provide knowledge of semiconductors and solid mechanics to fabricate MEMS devices
- To introduce various sensors and actuators
- To introduce different materials used for MEMS
- To educate on the applications of MEMS to various disciplines

UNIT – I

Intrinsic Characteristics of MEMS – Energy Domains and Transducers- Sensors and Actuators –Introduction to Micro fabrication - Silicon based MEMS processes – New Materials – Review of Electrical and Mechanical concepts in MEMS – Semiconductor devices – Stress and strain analysis –Flexural beam bending- Torsional deflection.

UNIT – II

Electrostatic sensors – Parallel plate capacitors – Applications – Interdigitated Finger capacitor –Comb drive devices – Micro Grippers – Micro Motors - Thermal Sensing and Actuation – Thermal expansion – Thermal couples – Thermal resistors – Thermal Bimorph - Applications – Magnetic Actuators –Micromagnetic components – Case studies of MEMS in magnetic actuators- Actuation using Shape Memory Alloys.

UNIT - III

Piezoresistive sensors – Piezoresistive sensor materials - Stress analysis of mechanical elements –Applications to Inertia, Pressure, Tactile and Flow sensors – Piezoelectric sensors and actuators –piezoelectric effects – piezoelectric materials – Applications to Inertia , Acoustic, Tactile and Flow sensors.

UNIT - IV

Silicon Anisotropic Etching – Anisotropic Wet Etching – Dry Etching of Silicon – Plasma Etching –Deep Reaction Ion Etching (DRIE) – Isotropic Wet Etching – Gas Phase Etchants – Case studies -Basic surface micro machining processes – Structural and Sacrificial Materials – Acceleration of sacrificial Etch -Striction and Antistriction methods – LIGA Process - Assembly of 3D MEMS –Foundry process.

UNIT - V

Polymers in MEMS– Polimide - SU-8 - Liquid Crystal Polymer (LCP) – PDMS – PMMA – Parylene –Fluorocarbon - Application to Acceleration, Pressure, Flow and Tactile sensors- Optical MEMS –Lenses and Mirrors – Actuators for Active Optical MEMS.

Suggested Reading:

1. Tai Ran Hsu, “MEMS & Micro systems Design and Manufacture” Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2002.
2. Chang Liu, ‘Foundations of MEMS’, Pearson Education Inc., 2012.
3. Stephen D Senturia, ‘Microsystem Design’, Springer Publication, 2000.
4. Mohamed Gad-el-Hak, editor, “The MEMS Handbook”, CRC press Baco Raton, 2001.

With effect from the Academic year 2017-2018

OE 601 CE

Disaster Management

Credits:3

Instruction : (3L) hrs per week

Duration of SEE : 3 hours

CIE : 30 Marks

SEE : 70 Marks

Course Objectives:

- To provide students an exposure to disasters, their significance and types.
- To ensure that students begin to understand the relationship between vulnerability, disasters, disaster prevention and risk reduction
- To gain a preliminary understanding of approaches of Disaster Risk Reduction (DRR)
- To enhance awareness of institutional processes in the country
- To develop rudimentary ability to respond to their surroundings with potential disaster response in areas where they live,with due sensitivity

Course Outcomes

Student will be able to

- Able to understand impact on Natural and manmade disasters.
- Able to classify disasters and destructions due to cyclones
- Able to understand disaster management applied in India

UNIT - I

Introduction to Disasters: Concepts and definitions of Disaster, Hazard, Vulnerability, Resilience, Risks.

Natural and Manmade disasters, impact of drought, review of past disasters and drought in India, its classification and characteristics. Classification of drought, causes, Impacts (including social, economic. political, environmental, health, psychosocial, etc.).

UNIT - II

Disaster: Classifications, Causes, Impacts including social, economic, political, environmental, health, psychosocial etc.

Differential Impacts - in terms of caste, class, gender, age, location, disability Global trends in disasters, urban disasters, pandemics, complex emergencies, climate change.

Cyclones and Floods: Tropical cyclones & Local storms, Destruction by tropical cyclones and local storms, Cumulative atmospheric hazards/ disasters, Cold waves, Heat waves, Causes of floods, Flood hazards in India.

UNIT - III

Approaches to Disaster Risk Reduction: Disaster cycle - its analysis, Phases, Culture of safety, prevention, mitigation and preparedness community based DRR, Structural-nonstructural sources, roles and responsibilities of community, Panchayati Raj Institutions/Urban Local Bodies (PRIs/ULBs), states, Centre, and other stake-holders.

UNIT - IV

Inter-relationship between Disasters and Development: Factors affecting Vulnerabilities, differential impacts, impact of development projects such as dams, embankments, changes in Land-use etc. Climate Change Adaptation, Relevance of indigenous knowledge, appropriate technology and local resources.

UNIT - V

Disaster Risk Management in India: Hazard and Vulnerability profile of India Components of Disaster Relief: Water, Food, Sanitation, Shelter, Health, Waste Management Institutional arrangements (Mitigation, Response and Preparedness, OM Act and Policy, other related policies, plans, programmes and legislation)

Field Work and Case Studies: The field work is meant for students to understand vulnerabilities and to work on reducing disaster risks and to build a culture of safety. Projects must be conceived creatively based on the geographic location and hazard profile of the region where the college is located.

Suggested Reading :

1. Sharma V. K. (1999). Disaster Management, National Centre for Disaster Management, IPE, Delhi.
2. Gupta Anil K, and Sreeja S. Nair. (2011). Environmental Knowledge for Disaster Risk Management, NIDM, New Delhi.
3. Nick. (1991). Disaster Management: A Disaster Manager's Handbook. Asian Development Bank, Manila Philippines.
4. Kapur, et al. (2005). Disasters in india Studies of grim reality, Rawat Publishers, Jaipur.
5. Pelling Mark, (2003). The Vulnerability of Cities: Natural Disaster and Social Resilience Earthscan publishers, London.

With effect from the Academic year 2017-2018

OE 602 CE

Geo Spatial Techniques

Credits:3

Instruction : (3L) hrs per week
CIE : 30 Marks

Duration of SEE : 3 hours
SEE : 70 Marks

Course Objectives:

- Description about various spatial and non-spatial data types, and data base management techniques
- Development of the concepts and professional skills in utility of geospatial techniques
- Enhancement of knowledge of geospatial techniques to field problems

Course Outcomes

Student will be able to

- understand and apply GIS tools
- analyse and process data to apply to the GIS tools.
- assimilate knowledge on field problems using remote sensing

UNIT – I

Introduction: Basic concepts, socioeconomic challenges, fundamentals of geographical information systems (GIS), history of geographical information system, components of geographical information systems.

Projections and Coordinate Systems: Map definitions, representations of point, line, polygon, common coordinate system, geographic coordinate system, map projections, transformations, map analysis.

UNIT –II

Data Acquisition and Data Management: data types, spatial, non spatial (attribute) data, data structure and database management, data format, vector and raster data representation, object structural model filters and files data in computer, key board entry, manual digitizing, scanner, aerial photographic data, remotely sensed data, digital data, cartographic database, digital elevation data, data compression, data storage and maintenance, data quality and standards, precision, accuracy, error and data uncertainty.

Data Processing: Geometric errors and corrections, types of systematic and non systematic errors, radiometric errors and corrections, internal and external errors.

UNIT -III

Data Modeling: Spatial data analysis, data retrieval query, simple analysis, recode overlay, vector data model, raster data model, digital elevation model, cost and path analysis, knowledge based system.

GIS Analysis and Functions: Organizing data for analysis, analysis function, maintenance and analysis of spatial data, buffer analysis, overlay analysis, transformations, conflation, edge matching and editing, maintenance and analysis of spatial and non spatial data

UNIT- IV

Applications of GIS: Environmental and natural resource management, soil and water resources, agriculture, land use planning, geology and municipal applications, urban planning and project management, GIS for decision making under uncertainty, software scenario functions, standard GIS packages, introduction to Global Positioning Systems (GPS) and its applications.

UNIT- V

Introduction to Remote Sensing: General background of remote sensing technology, objectives and limitations of remote sensing, electro-magnetic radiation, characteristics, interaction with earth surface and atmosphere, remote sensing platforms and sensors, satellite characteristics, digital image processing, IRS series and high resolution satellites, software scenario functions, remote sensing applications to watershed modeling, environmental modeling, urban planning and management.

Suggested Reading :

1. Burrough, P. A., and McDonnell R. A. (1998), 'Principles of Geographical Information Systems', Oxford University Press, New York
2. Choudhury S., Chakrabarti, D., and Choudhury S. (2009), 'An Introduction to Geographic Information Technology', I.K. International Publishing House (P) Ltd, New Delhi
3. Kang-tsung Chang. (2006), 'Introduction to Geographical information Systems', Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd., Third Edition, New Delhi
4. Lylsant T.M., and Kiefer R.W. (2002), 'Remote Sensing and Image Interpretation', John Wiley and Sons, Fourth Edition, New York
5. Sabins F.F. Jr. (1978), 'Remote Sensing Principles and Interpretations', W.H. Freeman and Company, San Francisco
6. Tor Bernhardsen. (2002), 'Geographical Information System', Wiley India (P) Ltd., Third Edition, New Delhi
7. Hoffman-Wellenhof, B, et al. (1997), 'GPS Theory and Practice', Fourth Edition, Springer Wein, New York.

With effect from the Academic year 2017-2018

***OE 601 CS**

Operating Systems

Credits:3

Instruction : (3L) hrs per week

Duration of SEE : 3 hours

CIE : 30 Marks

SEE : 70 Marks

Course Objectives:

- To understand CPU, Memory, File and Device management
- To learn about concurrency control, protection and security
- To gain knowledge of Linux and Windows NT internals

Course Outcomes

Student will be able to

- Explain the components and functions of operating systems
- Analyze various Scheduling algorithms
- Apply the principles of concurrency
- Compare and contrast various memory management schemes
- Perform administrative tasks on Linux Windows Systems

UNIT-I

Introduction to Operating Systems: OS structure and strategies, Process concepts, Threads, Inter process communication. CPU scheduling algorithms, Process synchronization, Critical section problem, Semaphores, Monitors.

UNIT-II

Memory management, Swapping, Contiguous allocation, Paging, Static and Dynamic partitions, Demand paging, Page replacement algorithms, Thrashing, Segmentation, Segmentation with paging. File system interface: File concepts, Access methods and protection. File system implementation: File system structure, Allocation methods, Directory implementation.

UNIT-III

Deadlocks: Necessary conditions, Resource allocation graph, Methods for handling deadlocks, Prevention, Avoidance, Detection and Recovery. Protection: Goals, Domain of protection, Access matrix. Security: Authentication, Threat monitoring, Encryption.

UNIT-IV

Device Management: Disk scheduling methods, Disk management, Device drivers and interfaces, CPU- Device interactions, I/O optimization.

UNIT-V

Case Studies:

The Linux System–Design principles, Kernel modules, Process management, Scheduling, Memory management, File systems, Input and Output, Inter process communication

Windows NT – General Architecture, The NT kernel, The NT executive.

Suggested Reading:

1. Abraham Silberschatz, Peter B Galvin, Operating System Concepts, Addison Wesley, 2006
2. William Stallings, Operating Systems-Internals and Design Principles, 5th edition, PHI, 2005
3. Andrew S Tanenbaum, Modern Operating Systems, 4th edition, Pearson, 2016

With effect from the Academic year 2017-2018

OE 665 CS

OOP using java

Credits:3

Instruction : (3L) hrs per week

Duration of SEE : 3 hours

CIE : 30 Marks

SEE : 70 Marks

Course Objectives:

- To introduce fundamental object oriented concepts of Java programming Language -such as classes, inheritance, packages and interfaces
- To introduce concepts of exception handling and multi-threading
- To use various classes and interfaces in java collection framework and utility classes
- To understand the concepts of GUI programming using AWT controls
- To introduce Java I/O streams and serialization

Course Outcomes :

Student will be able to

- develop java applications using OO concepts and packages
- write multi threaded programs with synchronization
- implement real world applications using java collection frame work and I/O classes
- write Event driven GUI programs using AWT/Swing

UNIT – I

Object Oriented System Development: understanding object oriented development, understanding object oriented concepts, benefits of object oriented development.

Java Programming Fundamentals: Introduction, overview of Java, data types, variables and arrays, operators, control statements.

UNIT - II

Java Programming OO concepts: classes, methods, inheritance, packages and interfaces. Exceptional Handling, Multithreaded Programming

UNIT - III

I/O Basics, Reading Console Input and Output, Reading and Writing Files, Print Writer Class, String Handling

Exploring Java.Lang, Collections Overview, Collection Interfaces, Collection Classes, Iterators, Random Access Interface, Maps, Comparators, Arrays, Legacy Classes and Interfaces, String Tokenizer

UNIT - IV

Introducing AWT working With Graphics: AWT Classes, Working with Graphics

.Event Handling: Two Event Handling Mechanisms, The Delegation Event Model, Event Classes, Source of Events, Event Listener Interfaces

AWT Controls: Control Fundamentals, Labels, Using Buttons, Applying Check Boxes, CheckboxGroup, Choice Controls, Using Lists, Managing Scroll Bars, Using TextField, Using TextArea, Understanding Layout Managers, Menu bars and Menus, Dialog Boxes, FileDialog, Handling events by Extending AWT Components, Exploring the controls, Menus and Layout Managers.

UNIT - V

Java I/O Classes and Interfaces, Files, Stream and Byte Classes, Character Streams, Serialization.

Suggested Readings:

1. Herbert Schildt, The Complete Reference JAVA, Tata McGraw Hill, 7th Edition, 2005
2. James M Slack, Programming and Problem Solving with JAVA, Thomson learning, 2002
3. C.Thomas Wu, An Introduction to Object-Oriented Programming with Java, Tata McGraw Hill, 5th Edition, 2005.

With effect from the Academic year 2017-2018

OE 601 EC

Embedded Systems

Credits:3

Instruction : (3L) hrs per week

Duration of SEE : 3 hours

CIE : 30 Marks

SEE : 70 Marks

Course Objectives:

- To understand the fundamentals of embedded systems
- To study the block diagram and advanced hardware fundamentals
- To study the software architecture of embedded systems
- To learn the tool chain of embedded systems
- To understand the tools and debugging process of embedded systems.

Course Outcomes

Student will be able to

- acquire an overview of what an embedded system implies
- understand the architecture of a microprocessor and microcontroller to enable to design embedded applications using them.
- apply theoretical learning to practical real time problems for automation.
- understand how to build and debug an embedded system application.
- analyze and design real world applications and interface peripheral devices to the microprocessor.

UNIT- I

Fundamentals of embedded systems: Definition of Embedded system, Examples of Embedded Systems, Typical Hardware, Terminology, Gates, A few other basic considerations, Timing Diagrams, Memory

UNIT -II

Advanced hardware fundamentals: Microprocessors, Buses, Direct Memory Access, Interrupts, Other Common Parts, Built-Ins on the Microprocessor, Conventions used in Schematics, Microprocessor Architecture, Interrupts Basics, Shared Data Problem, Interrupt Latency.

UNIT-III

Software architecture of embedded systems: Round- Robin, Round-Robin with Interrupts, Function- Queue- Scheduling Architecture, Real- Time Operating System Architecture, Selecting an Architecture

UNIT-IV

Embedded software development tools: Host and Target Machines, Cross compilers, Cross Assemblers and Tool Chains, Linkers /Locaters for Embedded Software, Getting Embedded Software into Target System: PROM programmers, ROM Emulators, In-Circuit Emulators.

UNIT - V

Debugging techniques: Testing on your host machine, Instruction Set Simulators, The assert Macro, Using Laboratory Tools

Suggested Readings:

1. David. E. Simon, "An Embedded Software Primer", Low price edition, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2006.
2. Frank Vahid and Tony Givargis "Embedded System Design: A Unified Hardware/Software. Approach". John Wiley & Sons, October 2001.
3. Rajkamal, "Embedded systems: Programming, architecture and Design", second edition, McGraw-Hill Education (India), March 2009.

With effect from the Academic year 2017-2018

OE 602 EC

Digital System Design using Verilog HDL

Credits:3

Instruction : (3L) hrs per week

Duration of SEE : 3 hours

CIE : 30 Marks

SEE : 70 Marks

Course Objectives:

- To familiarize with various modeling styles: structural, dataflow and behavioral of Verilog HDL.
- To develop combinational and sequential circuits using various modeling styles of Verilog HDL
- To design and develop Verilog HDL models of data path and control units of Central Processing Unit (CPU)
- To learn Synthesis and FPGA design flow.
- To design and develop real time applications: Booth's multiplier, Divider, hardwired control for basic CPU and FIR filter.

Course Outcomes

Student will be able to

- implement and distinguish different Verilog HDL modeling styles
- construct and analyze Verilog HDL models of combinational and sequential circuits
- design and develop Verilog HDL modeling and test bench for digital systems for the given specifications
- outline FPGA design flow and timing analysis

UNIT - I

Structural modeling: Overview of Digital Design with Verilog HDL, Basic concepts, modules and ports, gate-level modeling, hazards and design examples

UNIT - II

Dataflow and Switch level modeling: dataflow modeling, operands and operators. Switch Level Modeling: CMOS switches and bidirectional switches and design examples

UNIT - III

Behavioral Modeling: Structured Procedures, Procedural Assignments, Timing Controls, Conditional Statements, multi-way branching, Loops, Sequential and Parallel blocks, Generate blocks. Combinational, sequential logic modules and design examples.

UNIT -IV

Synthesis and Verification: Tasks and Functions: Differences between Tasks and Functions. Verilog HDL synthesis, Application Specific IC (ASIC) and Field Programmable Gate Array (FPGA) design flow. Verification: Timing analysis and Test bench design. Design examples.

UNIT - V

Real time implementations: Fixed-Point Arithmetic modules: Addition, Multiplication, Division, Arithmetic and Logic Unit (ALU), Timer, Universal Asynchronous Receiver and Transmitter (UART), DSP modules: FIR and IIR filters, CPU design: Data path and control units.

Suggested Readings:

1. Samir Palnitkar, "Verilog HDL A Guide to Digital Design and Synthesis," 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2006.
2. Ming-Bo Lin, Digital System Designs and Practices: Using Verilog HDL and FPGA," Wiley India Edition, 2008.
3. J. Bhasker, "A Verilog HDL Primer," 2nd Edition, BS Publications, 2001.

With effect from the Academic year 2017-2018

OE 601 EE

Reliability Engineering

Credits:3

Instruction : (3L) hrs per week

Duration of SEE : 3 hours

CIE : 30 Marks

SEE : 70 Marks

Course Objectives:

- To understand the concepts of different types of probability distributions. importance of reliability evaluation of networks.
- To make the students understand about Reliability, availability model of Power Systems and markov modeling of Power Plants. with identical and no identical units.

UNIT- I

Discrete and Continuous random variables, probability density function and cumulative distribution function. Mean and Variance. Binomial, Poisson, Exponential and Weibull distributions.

UNIT - II

Failure and causes of failure. Failure rate and failure density. Reliability function and MTTF. Bath tub curve for different systems. Parametric methods for above distributions. Non - Parametric methods from field data.

UNIT- III

Reliability block diagram. Series and parallel systems. Network reduction technique, Examples. Evaluation of failure rate, MTTF and reliability, Active and Standby Redundancy, r out of n configuration. Non-series - parallel systems. Path based and cut set methods.

UNIT- IV

Availability, MTTR and MTBF, Markov models and State transition matrices. Reliability models for single component. two components, Load sharing and standby systems. Reliability and availability models of two unit parallel system with repair and standby systems with repair.

UNIT- V

Repairable Systems. maintainability. Preventive maintenance, Evaluation of reliability and J1TTF. Overhauling and replacement. Optimum maintenance policy. Markov model of a power plant with identical units and non-identical units. Capacity outage probability table. Frequency of failures and Cumulative frequency.

Suggested Reading:

1. Charles E.Ebeling, Reliability and MAintainabelity Engineering,Mc Graw Hill Inetrnational Edition, 1997.
2. BAlaguruswamy, Reliability Engineering,Tata McGraw Hill Publishing company Ltd,1984.
3. R.N.Allan. Reliability Evaluation of Engineering Systems,Pitman Publishing,1996.
4. Endrenyi. Reliability Modelling in Electric Power Systems. JohnWiley & Sons,1978.

With effect from the Academic year 2017-2018

OE 601 ME

Industrial Robotics

Credits:3

Instruction : (3L) hrs per week

Duration of SEE : 3 hours

CIE : 30 Marks

SEE : 70 Marks

Course Objectives:

- To familiarize the student with the anatomy of robot and their applications
- To provide knowledge about various kinds of end effectors usage
- To equip the students with information about various sensors used in industrial robots
- To make the student understand the importance of spatial transformation of robots using forward and inverse kinematics
- To specify and provide the knowledge of techniques involved in robot vision in industry
- To equip students with latest robot languages implemented in industrial manipulators.

Course Outcomes:

Student will be able to

- demonstrate knowledge of the relationship between mechanical structures of industrial robots and their operational workspace characteristics and Have an understanding of the functionality and limitations of robot actuators and sensors
- demonstrate an ability to apply spatial transformation to obtain forward/Inverse kinematics equation of robot manipulators using analytical/numerical/simulation tools
- apply knowledge and choose the best & economically suitable sensors/end effectors required for specific applications
- understand the importance of robot vision and apply the learnt techniques to get the required information from input images
- design and develop a industrial robot for a given purpose economically Appreciate the current state and potential for robotics in new application areas.

UNIT - I

Introduction to Robotics: Basic structure of Robots. Degree of freedom of Robots. Work envelope. Classification of Robots based on Drive Technology, Work-Envelope and motion control methods. Application of Robots in Industry, Repeatability, Precision and Accuracy as applied to Robots, Specifications of robots used for various applications.

End effectors – Grippers: Mechanical grippers, pneumatic and hydraulic grippers, magnetic grippers, vacuum grippers, RCC grippers – Two fingered and three fingered grippers – Internal grippers and external grippers – Selection and design considerations.

UNIT - II

Requirements of a sensor, principles and applications of the following types of sensors – Position of sensors (Piezo electric sensor, LVDT, Resolvers, Optical encoders, Pneumatic position sensors) – Range sensors (Triangulation principle, Structured, Lighting approach, Time of flight range finders, Laser range meters) – Proximity sensors (Inductive, Hall effect, Capacitive, Ultrasonic and Optical proximity sensors) – Touch sensors (Binary sensors, Analog sensors) – Wrist Sensors – Compliance Sensors – Slip Sensors.

UNIT- III

Kinematic Analysis of robots: Rotation matrix. Homogeneous transformation matrix, Denavit & Hartenberg representation, Euler and RPY angles representation. Representation of absolute position and orientation in terms of joint parameters, Direct Kinematics of manipulators, Inverse kinematics of Robot arm for position and orientation. Redundancy in Robots. Static force analysis

UNIT-IV

Introduction to techniques used in Robot vision. Image acquisition, illumination techniques, imaging geometry, basic relationship pixels, preprocessing, segmentation & description of 3 dimensional structures, their recognition and interpretation

Types of Camera, frame grabbing , sensing and digitizing image data – Signal conversion – Image Storage – Lighting techniques – Image processing and analysis – Data reduction – Segmentation – Feature extraction – Object recognition – and various algorithms – Applications – Inspection, identification, visual serving and navigation.

UNIT-V

Robot programming languages: Characteristics of robot level languages, task level languages

Teach pendant programming – Lead through programming – Robot programming languages – VAL programming – Motion commands – Sensor commands – End effector commands – Simple programs.

RGV – AGV – Implementation of robots in industries – Various steps - Safety considerations for robot operations. Economic analysis of robots – Pay back method, EUAC method and Rate of return method.

Suggested Readings:

1. Groover M P, "Industrial Robotics", McGraw Hill Publications, 1999.
2. Fu. K.S., Gon Zalez R.C., Lee C.S.G. "Robotics, Control-sensing vision and Intelligence", McGraw Hill, Int. Ed., 1987.
2. Spong and Vidyasagar, "Robot Dynamics & Control", John Wiley and Sons, Ed.,1990
3. Mittal and Nagrath, "Industrial Robotics", Tata McGraw Hill Publications, 2004.
- 5 Saha & Subir kumar saha, 'robotics', tmh, india.

With effect from the Academic year 2017-2018

OE 602 ME

Material Handling

Credits:3

Instruction : (3L) hrs per week

Duration of SEE : 3 hours

CIE : 30 Marks

SEE : 70 Marks

Course Objectives:

- To know about the working principle of various material handling equipments
- To understand the Material handling relates to the loading, unloading and movement of all types of materials
- To understand the estimation of storage space and maintenance of material handling equipments

Course Outcomes:

Student will be able to

- understand various conveying systems that available in industry
- understand various bulk solids handling systems and their design features
- understand and various modern material handling systems and their integration.
- calculate number of MH systems required, storage space, cost and maintenance.

UNIT - I

Mechanical Handling Systems: Belt Conveyors and Desing, Bucket Elevators, Package conveyors, Chain and Flight Conveyors, Screw Conveyors, Vibratory Conveyors, Cranes and Hoists.

UNIT - II

Pneumatic and Hydraulic Conveying Systems: Modes of Conveying and High pressure conveying systems,Low Velocity Conveying System. Components of Pneumatic Conveying Systems: General Requirements, Fans and Blowers, Boots-Type Blowers, Sliding-Vane Rotary Compressors, Screw Compressors, Reciprocating Compressors, Vacuum Pumps.

UNIT- III

Bulk Solids Handling: Particle and Bulk Properties. Adhesion, Cohesion and Moisture Content. Gravity Flow of Bulk Solids: Static and Dynamic Pressure Distribution in Bulk Solids. Modes of Flow: Mass Flow, Funnel Flow and Expanded Flow from Hoppers, Bins and Silos.

UNIT- IV

Modern Material Handling Systems: Constructional features of (i) AGV (ii) Automated storage and retrieval systems. Sensors used in AGVs and ASRS. Bar code systems and RFID systems: Fundamentals and their integration with computer-based information systems.

UNIT-V

Total MH Throughput: Calculation for no. of MH systems; storage space estimation based on no of aisles. Maintenance of MH equipment, spare parts management, cost of materials handling, cost per unit load computations.

Suggested Readings:

1. Dr. Mahesh Varma, "Construction Equipment and its Planning & Application", Metropolitan Book Co.(P) Ltd., New Delhi, India 1997.
2. James M. Apple, "Material Handling Systems Design", The Ronald Press Company, New York, USA, 1972.
3. Woodcock CR. and Mason J.S., "Bulk Solids Handling: An Introduction to Practice Technology", Leonard Hill USA, Chapman and Hall, New York.
4. M P Groover etal, "Industrial Robotics", Me Graw Hill, 1999.

With effect from the Academic year 2017-2018

OE 601 LA

Intellectual Property Rights

Credits:3

Instruction : (3L) hrs per week

Duration of SEE : 3 hours

CIE : 30 Marks

SEE : 70 Marks

UNIT - I

Meaning, Nature, Classification and protection of Intellectual Property — The main forms of Intellectual Property — Copyright, Trademarks, Patents, Designs (Industrial and Layout) -- Geographical Indications - Plant Varieties Protection and Biotechnology - Traditional Knowledge - Indigenous Knowledge --etc

UNIT - II

Introduction to the leading International instruments concerning Intellectual Property Rights — The Berne Convention — Universal Copyright Convention — The Paris Union — Patent Co-operation Treaty -- The World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO) and the UNEESCO, International Trade Agreements concerning IPR — WTO — TRIPS.

UNIT - III

Select aspects of the Law of Copyright in India — The Copy Right Act, 1957 - Historical evolution — Meaning of copyright — Copyright in literary, dramatic and musical works, computer programmes and cinematograph films — Neighbouring rights — Rights of performers and broadcasters, etc. — Ownership and Assignment of copyright — Author's special rights — Notion of infringement — Criteria of infringement — Infringement of copyright in films, literary and dramatic works — Authorities under the Act — Remedies for infringement of copyright.

UNIT - IV

Intellectual Property in Trademarks and the rationale of their protection - The Trade Marks Act, 1999 — Definition of Trademarks — Distinction between Trademark and Property Mark - Registration — Passing off — Infringement of Trademark — Criteria of Infringement — Remedies. The Designs Act, 2000 — Definition and characteristics of Design — Law in India — Protection and rights of design holders — Copyright in design — Registration — Remedies for infringement..

UNIT - V

Patents — Concept of Patent — Historical overview of the Patents Law in India — Patentable Inventions — Kinds of Patents — Procedure for obtaining patent — The Patents Act, 1970 — Rights and obligations of a patentee — Term of patent protection — Use and exercise of rights — Exclusive Marketing Rights — Right to Secrecy — The notion of 'abuse' of patent rights — Infringement of patent rights and remedies available.

Course Outcomes:

India's IPR regime stands fully compliant to Agreement on TRIPS. However, implementation of various laws has been lax. Patent or copyright infringement and piracy in India is not uncommon. It is also the fact that India has poor performance in R&D, where it accounts for meagre 2.7% of global expenditure. Poor IPR protection regime plays some part in this. Government is about to launch a New IPR policy. It is expected that it will reassert its commitment to TRIPS and promise that measures like compulsory licence will be resorted to in rarest of rare case. It will also consider need and measures to ramp up implementation by building infrastructural and human resource capacities. It is like to give a significant impetus to expansion of copyright and patent offices all over India.

As we have seen that various subject matters in IPR are dealt by different departments and ministries, there needs to be some integration among these arms. This integration is prerequisite for formulating an integral IPR policy and taking stand at various international forums. Having said this, legal setup in India nicely tries to balance Public rights with Private rights. This system provides adequate incentives for entrepreneurs to innovate. We just need strict implementation. This way we will be able to make innovation a change agent of Indian economy.

1. Universities are need to open patent facilitation centers to encourage the students and teaching community
2. Now IPR has become interdisciplinary approach , so instead of introducing like optional departments make it as one of the core subject
3. After completion of the course students can register their own innovation before the concern authorities

Suggested Reading:

- 1.P. Narayanan: Patent Law, Eastern Law House, 1995.
- 2.RoyChowdhary,S.K.&Other:LawofTrademark,Copyrights,Patentsand Designs, Kamal Law House, 1999.
- 3.John Holyoak and Paul Torremans: Intellectual Property Law.
- 4.B.L. Wadhera: Intellectual Property Law, Universal Publishers, 2nd Ed. 2000.
- 5.W.R. Cornish: Intellectual Property Law, Universal Publishers, 3rd Ed. 2001.
- 6.Cornish, W. R. "Intellectual Property Law" Eastern Law House, Second Edition, 1997.
- 7.Jacob, R and Alexander, D. "A guide book to intellectual property, Patents, trademarks. Copy rights and designs. Sweet & Maxwell, 1993.

With effect from the Academic year 2017-2018

PC 651 CS

Software Engineering Lab

Credits:1

Instruction : 2 hrs per week

Duration of SEE : 2 hours

CIE : 25 Marks

SEE : 50 Marks

Course Objectives:

- To understand the software engineering methodologies for project development.
- To gain knowledge about open source tools for Computer Aided Software Engineering
- To develop test plans and perform validation testing.

Course Outcomes :

Student will be able to

- Use open source case tools to develop software
- Analyze and design software requirements in efficient manner.
- Implement the design , debug and test the code

Prepare the following documents for each experiment and develop the software using software Engineering methodology

1.Problem Analysis and Project Planning -Thorough study of the problem -Identify Project scope, Objectives and Infrastructure.

2. Software Requirement Analysis - Describe the individual Phases/modules of the project and Identify deliverables.

3. Data Modelling - Use work products – data dictionary, use case diagrams and activity diagrams, build and test class diagrams, sequence diagrams and add interface to class diagrams.

4. Software Development and Debugging – implement the design by coding

5. Software Testing - Prepare test plan, perform validation testing, coverage analysis, memory leaks, develop test case hierarchy, Site check and site monitor

Sample Experiments:

Academic domain

1. Course Registration System
2. Student marks analysing system

Railway domain

3. Online ticket reservation system
4. Platform assignment system for the trains in a railway station

Medicine domain

5. Expert system to prescribe the medicines for the given symptoms
6. Remote computer monitoring

Finance domain

7. ATM system
8. Stock maintenance

Human Resource management

9. Quiz System
10. E-mail Client system

SOFTWARE REQUIRED:

Open source Tools: StarUML / UMLGraph / Topcased

With effect from the Academic year 2017-2018

PC 652 CS

Web Programming Lab

Credits:1

Instruction : 2 hrs per week

Duration of SEE : 2 hours

CIE : 25 Marks

SEE : 50 Marks

Course Objectives:

- Learn to create WebPages using HTML 5
- Learn to process XML documents using SAX/DOM API
- Learn to create dynamic web pages using server side scripting

Course Outcomes

Student will be able to

- Design a Web site using HTML/DHTML and style sheets
 - Create dynamic web pages using server side scripting
 - Develop a web application with backend database connectivity
1. Develop College Website using HTML5 and CSS
 2. Develop HTML5 form with client validations using Java Script
 3. Publishing XML document using XSLT
 4. XML document processing using SAX and DOM
 5. Write a program to encrypt the given number to display the encrypted data using Java Script
 6. Write a Python program which generates an output file based on one-line instructions in an input file
 7. Develop a simple Java Servlet application

8. Develop a Java Servlet application with session tracking
9. Develop a simple JSP application
10. Creation of an application to have access from a database using JDBC
11. Develop a full-fledged web application with database access spreading over to 3 sessions
12. Write a web application using Ajax to do the following:
 - A. check to make sure that the credit card number is composed of exactly 16 numerical digits
 - A check to make sure that a Visa card number starts with a "4" and a MasterCard Number starts with a "5"

You can check for these things using regular expressions in combination with the PHP function `preg_match`. A really good regex will allow for an optional "-" between every grouping of 4 numbers. For example, 4111111111111111 and 4111-1111-1111-1111 would both be valid credit card numbers. If the user has not supplied a card number with the correct number of digits, show an error message.

With effect from the Academic year 2017-2018

PC 653 CS

Computer Networks & programming Lab

Credits:1

Instruction : 2 hrs per week

Duration of SEE : 2 hours

CIE : 25 Marks

SEE : 50 Marks

Course Objectives:

- To familiarize POSIX: IPC
- To use socket interface to write client-server network applications
- To effectively use sockets to write simple network monitoring tools

Course Outcomes

Student will be able to

- Write concurrent programs using message queues and semaphores
- Use connection-oriented , connectionless and Asynchronous sockets
- Implement networked applications in TCP/IP protocol Suite

1. Examples using IPC
2. Echo Server using TCP(Concurrent or Iterative) and UDP
3. Time of the day server
4. Talker and Listener
5. Ping routine
6. Trace route
7. Mini DNS

Note: The above experiments [2-7] have to be carried out using socket programming interface. Multi- threading has to be employed wherever it is required.

MC9535P

SPORTS

Instruction per week

3 Hours

CIE

50 Marks

Objectives:

1. To develop an understanding of the importance of sport in the pursuit of a healthy and active lifestyle at the College and beyond.
2. To develop an appreciation of the concepts of fair play, honest competition and good sportsmanship.
3. To develop leadership skills and foster qualities of co-operation, tolerance, consideration, trust and responsibility when faced with group and team problem-solving tasks.
4. To develop the capacity to maintain interest in a sport or sports and to persevere in order to achieve success.
5. To prepare each student to be able to participate fully in the competitive, recreational and leisure opportunities offered outside the school environment.

Outcomes:

Students will be able to

1. Students' sports activities are an essential aspect of university education, one of the most efficient means to develop one's character and personal qualities, promote the fair game principles, and form an active life position.
2. Over the past year, sports have become much more popular among our students. Let us remember the most memorable events related to sports and physical training.
3. Special attention was paid to team sports. Our male and female games and sports have achieved remarkable progress at a number of competitions.
4. Our teams in the main sports took part in regional and national competitions. Special thanks to our team in track and field athletics, which has been revitalized this year at ICT and which has won Javelin competition.

5. Staff of our faculties and students of Sports, Physical Development, & Healthy Lifestyle of Faculty congratulates everyone on the upcoming New Year and wishes you robust health and new victories in whatever you conceive.

I. Requirements:

- i) Track Pant (students should bring)
- ii) Shoes
- iii) Volley Ball, Foot Ball and Badminton (Shuttle)
- iv) Ground, Court, indoor stadium and swimming pool

II. Evaluation Process:

Total Marks 50

- i) 20 marks for internal exam (continuous evaluation)
 - a) 8 marks for viva
 - b) 12 marks for sports & fitness
- ii) 30 marks for end exam
 - a) 10 marks for viva
 - b) 20 marks for sports & fitness

With effect from Academic Year 2017-2018

MC951SP

YOGA PRACTICE

| | |
|----------------------|----------|
| Instruction per week | 3 Hours |
| CIE | 50 Marks |
| Credits | 3 Units |

Objectives:

1. Enhances body flexibility
2. Achieves mental balance
3. Elevates Mind and Body co-ordination
4. Precise time management
5. Improves positive thinking at the expense of negative thinking

Outcomes:

Students will be able to

1. Students will become more focused towards becoming excellent citizens with more and more discipline in their day-to-day life.
2. An all-round development-physical, mental and spiritual health-takes place.
3. Self-discipline and discipline with respect society enormously increases.
4. University environment becomes more peaceful and harmonious.

UNIT-I

Introduction

Yoga definition-Health definition from WHO - Yoga versus Health - Basis of Yoga - yoga is beyond science- Zist of 18 chapters of Bhagavadgita - 4 types of yoga: Karma, Bhakti, Gnyana and Raja yoga - Internal and External yoga - Elements of Ashtanga yoga (Yama, Niyama, Asana, Pranayama, Prathyahara, Dharana, Dhyana and Samadhi) - Pancha koshas and their purification through Asana, Pranayama and Dhyana.

UNIT-II

Suryanamaskaras (Sun Salutations)

Definition of sun salutations - 7 chakras (Mooladhaar, Swadhishtaan, Manipura, Anahata, Vishuddhi, Agnya and Sahasrar) - Various manthras (Om Mitraya, Om Ravaye, Om Suryaya, Om Bhanave, Om Marichaye, Om Khagaye, Om Pushne, Om Hiranya Garbhaye, Om Adhityaya, Om Savitre, Om Arkhaya, and Om Bhaskaraya) and their meaning while performing sun salutations - Physiology - 7 systems of human anatomy - Significance of performing sun salutations.

UNIT-III

Asanas (Postures)

Pathanjali's definition of asana - Sthiram Sukham Asanam - 3rd limb of Ashtanga yoga - Loosening or warming up exercises - Sequence of perform in asanas (Standing, Sitting, Prone, Supine and Inverted) - Nomenclature of asanas (animals, trees, rishis etc) - Asanas versus Chakras - Asanas versus systems - Asanas versus physical health -Activation of Annamaya kosha.

UNIT-IV

Pranayama (Breathing Techniques)

Definition of Pranayama as per Shankaracharya - 4th limb of Ashtanga yoga - Various techniques of breathing - Pranayama techniques versus seasons - Bandhas and their significance in Pranayama - Mudras and their significance in Pranayama - Restrictions of applying bandhas with reference to health disorders - Pranayama versus concentration - Pranayama is the bridge between mind and body - Pranayama versus mental health - Activation of Pranamaya kosha through Pranayama.

UNIT-V

Dhyana (Meditation)

Definition of meditation - 7th limb of Ashtanga yoga - Types of mind (Conscious and Sub-Conscious) - various types of dhyana. Meditation versus spiritual health - Dharana and Dhyana - Extension of Dhyana to Samadhi - Dhyana and mental stress - Activation of Manomaya kosha through dhyana - Silencing the mind.

Suggested Reading:

1. Light on Yoga by BKS Iyengar
2. Yoga education for children Vol-1 by Swami Satyananda Saraswati
3. Light on Pranayama by BKS Iyengar
4. Asana Pranayama Mudra and Bandha by Swami Satyananda Saraswati
5. Hatha Yoga Pradipika by Swami Mukhtibodhananda
6. Yoga education for children Vol-11 by Swami Niranjanananda Saraswati
7. Dynamics of yoga by Swami Satyananda Saraswati

MC952SP

NATIONAL SERVICE SCHEME (NSS)

Instruction per week

3 Hours

CIE

50Marks

Credits

3 units

Objectives:

1. To help in Character Moulding of students for the benefit of society
2. To create awareness among students on various career options in different fields
3. To remould the students behaviour with assertive skills and positive attitudes
4. To aid students in developing skills like communication, personality, writing and soft skills
5. To educate students towards importance of national integration, participating in electoral process etc by making them to participate in observing important days.

List of Activities:

1. Orientation programme about the role of NSS in societal development
2. Swachh Bharath Programme
3. Guest lecture's from eminent personalities on personality development
4. Plantation of saplings/Haritha Haram Programme
5. Blood Donation / Blood Grouping Camp
6. Imparting computer education to school children
7. Creating Awareness among students on the importance of Digital transactions
8. Stress management techniques
9. Health Checkup Activities
10. Observation of Important days like voters day, World Water Day etc.
11. Road Safety Awareness Programs
12. Energy Conservation Activities
13. Conducting Programme's on effective communication skills
14. Awareness programme's on national integration
15. Orientation on Improving Entrepreneurial Skills
16. Developing Effective Leadership skills

17. Job opportunity awareness programs in various defence, public sector undertakings

18. Skill Development Programmes

19. Creating awareness among students on the Importance of Yoga and other physical activities

20. Creating awareness among students on various government sponsored social welfare schemes for the people.

Note: At least Ten Activities should be conducted in the Semester. Each event conducted under Swachh Barath, Plantation and important days like voters day, world waterday may be treated as a separate activity.

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